## **METAL WORKING BENCH LATHE**

# MODEL: BL330E/1 OPERATING INSTRUCTION



ANHUI PAN-SINO MACHINE BUILDING CO., LTD. HUANGSHAN, CHINA

#### **GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

EXTREME CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN OPEATION ALL POWER TOOLS. KNOW YOUR POWER TOOL, BE FAMILIAR WITHITS OPEARTION. READ THE OWNER'S MANUAL AND PRACTICE SAFE USAGE PROCEDURES AT ALL TIMES.

- **CONNECT** your machine **ONLY** to the matched and specified power source.
- WEAR SAFETY GLASSES, RESPIRATORS, HEARING PROTECTION and SAFFTY SHOES when operating heavy machinery. <u>Always wear safety glasses.</u>
- **DO not** wear loose clothing or jewellery when operating machinery.
- A Safe Environment is important. Keep the area free of dust, dirt and other debris in the immediate vicinity of the machine.
- BE ALERT! Do Not Use prescription or other drugs that may affect your ability or judgments to safely use this machine.
- **DISCONNECT** the power source when changing tool bits and or any equipment.
- **NEVER** leave an operating tool unattended.
- **ALWAYS** keep blades, knives or bits sharp and properly aligned.
- **ALWAYS** keep all safety guards in place and ensure their proper function.
- ALWAYS make sure that any tools used for adjustments are removed before operating the machine.
- **ALWAYS** secure your work with the appropriate clamps or vises.
- **ALWAYS** keep bystanders safely away while operating machinery.
- **DO NOT** change speed while spindle is running.
- ◆ 3-JAW CHUCK OR 4-JAW CHUCK MAX.SPEED 2500r/min
- THINK SAFELY. WORK SAFELY. Never attempt a procedure if it dose not feel safe or comfortable.

#### **BL330E PRECISION GEAR HEAD LATHE**

As part of the growing line of metalworking equipment, we are proud to offer the BL330E Metal Lathe. The name guarantees ANHUI PAN-SINO. By following the instructions and procedures laid out in this owner's manual, you will receive years of excellent service and satisfaction. The BL330 is a professional tool and like all power tools, proper care and safety procedures should be adhered to.

#### **Specifications**

Max. Swing over bed:	330mm
Max. Length of work piece:	700 mm
Max. Swing carriage:	220mm
Bed width:	160mm
Spindle Bore:	38mm
Spindle Taper:	MT 5#
Spindle Speeds:	12 Steps
Spindle Speeds Range:	60; 90; 120; 160;
	220; 300; 380; 500;
	640; 850; 110; 1650rpm
Max Lateral Stroke over tool post:	160mm
Max Longitudinal stroke of tool post:	100mm
Metric Thread kinds:	17 Kinds
Metric Thread range:	0.5-4 mm
Inch Thread kinds:	24 Kinds
Inch Thread range:	9-40 TPI
Longitudinal–feed range:	0.1-1.396mm/r
Cross–feed range:	0.025-0.34mm/r
Tailstock Quill Diameter:	40mm
Travel of Tail-stock Quill:	70mm
Tail-stock Quill Taper:	MT 3#
Motor Power:	1.1kw
Net Weight:	240kg
Packing Size (Without Stand):	1470*770*580mm
Packing Size (With Stand):	1470*770*1350mm

#### **Illustrated Features**

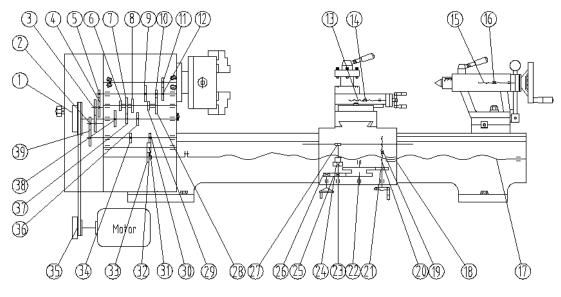


Fig 1. Driving system drawing.

- 01. Input Pulley
- 02. Gear Change
- 03. Gear Change
- 04. Gear Change
- 05. Gear Change
- 06. Gear
- 07. Gear
- 08. Gear
- 09. Gear
- 10. Gear
- 11. Spindle Gear
- 12. Gear
- 13. Tool Post Lead Screw
- 14. Tool Post Nut
- 15. Tail Stock Lead Screw
- 16. Tool Post Nut
- 17. Longitudinal Screw
- 18. Longitudinal Nut
- 19. Cross Nut
- 20. Cross Lead Screw

- 21. Gear
- 22. Gear
- 23. Gear
- 24. Worm Gear
- 25. Worm
- 26. Gear
- 27. Gear
- 28. Gear
- 29. Gear
- 30. Gear
- 31. Gear
- 32. Gear
- 33. Gear
- 34. Gear
- 35. Motor Pulley
- 36. Gear
- 37. Gear
- 38. Gear
- 39. Gear

### Lifting & Installation

It is recommended that this machine is lifted by the use of a crane or hoisting mechanism as it is very heavy.

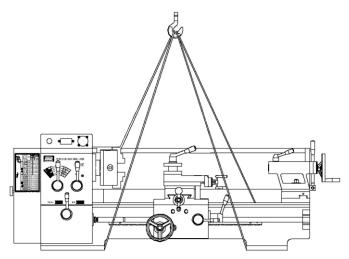


Fig 2. Lifting drawing.

### Lifting & Installation

Please refer to figure 3 when installing this machine. As this lathe is for the most part pre-assembled at the factory, there is not a great deal of assembly for the end user. Line up the four bolt holes with the stand and carefully place the lathe on the stand.

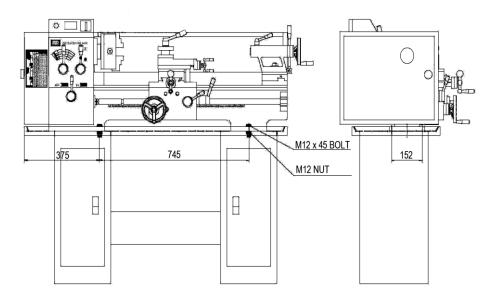


Fig 3. Installation drawing.

After installation, be sure to clean the antiseptic coat (used to preserve and protect during shipping) off the guide carriage, tail stock, change gear and pulley with a clean cloth and non-corrosive cleaner.

#### **Lubrication Positions**

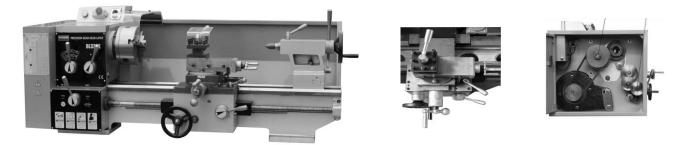


Fig 4. Lubrication positions drawing.

Refer to the Lubrication chart on the following page in order to properly lubricate and maintain your Lathe. Proper lubrication of any tools, especially Metal Lathes should not be ignored.

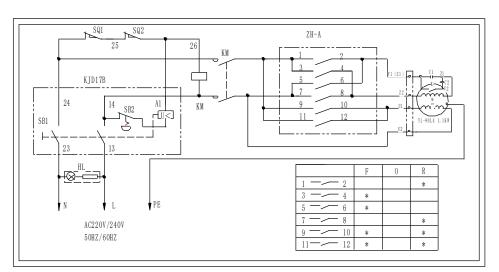
No.	Lubrication Position	Located part	Located	Lubrication Oil	Period
1	Gears. bush bearing	Left trestle	Gun	Machine oil	One year
2	Spindle bearing	Lathe head	Greasing	Grease	1/year
3	Thrust bull bearing	Left trestle	Greasing	Grease	1/year
4	Slide way, lead screw, guide surface	Apron parts	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
5	Gears, racks	Apron parts	Greasing	Grease	1month
6	Tool post lead screw, guide surface	Tool carriage	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
7	Longitudinal lead screw	Lead screw	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
8	Lathe bed guide	Lathe bed	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
9	Tail stock sleeve	Tailstock	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
10	Tailstock lead screw bush bearing	Tailstock	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
11	Bearing pedestal	Lathe bed	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
12	Cross nut lead screw	Small carriage	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
13	Bearing bush	Small carriage	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
14	Thrust bearing	Lead screw pedestal	Greasing	Grease	6/s year
15	Tailstock lead screw bush bearing	Tailstock	Gun	Machine oil	2/days
16	Change gear shaft	Compound box	Gun	Machine oil	2/s year
17	Bearing	Input pulley	Greasing	Grease	6/s year

#### **Lubrication Positions**

#### Notes: 1. Recommend to fill 3# Ca grease 20# machine oil

2. The parts lubricated by grease should be cleaned and the machine oil in feed box should be changed and renewed up to the center line of the oil indicator regularly.

### **Electrical System Drawing**





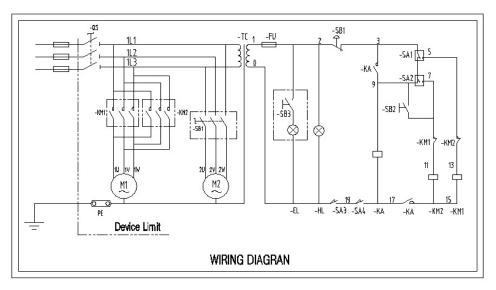


Fig6. Electric System Drawing (THREE PHASES)

#### **Grounding Instructions**

In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, grounding provides the path of least resistance for electrical current and reduces the risk of electrical shock. This tool is equipped with an electrical cord that has an equipment grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug **MUST** be plugged into a matching outlet that has been properly installed and grounded in accordance with **ALL** local codes and ordinances.

**DO NOT MODIFY THE PLUG PROVIDED.** If the provided plug will not fit the electrical outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified licensed electrician.

**IMPROPER CONNECTION** of the equipment grounding conductor can result in risk of electrical shock. The conductor wire with the green insulation (with or without yellow stripes) is the equipment-grounding conductor. If repair or replacement of the electrical cord or cord or plug is required, **DO not** connect the equipment grounding conductor to a live terminal.

If in doubt about these instructions consult a qualified, licensed electrician.

**USE ONLY A THREE-WIRE EXTENSION CORD** with a 3-prong grounding plug.

## Thread & Feed Table

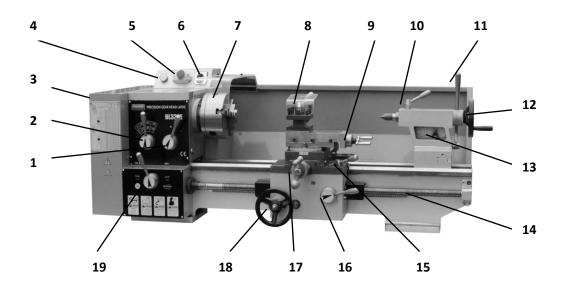
Cutting threads and feeding movement can be performed by the manual use of the change gears and handle (refer to Operating Controls)

#### **Thread & Feed Chart**

	S B	<b>M</b> =24	M=28	ABXC	-		‡-E	₹
	D	N=60	N=35		M=24 N=60	M=28 N=35	M=24 N=60	M=28 N=35
	Y			24 50 X 48	0.105	0.210	0.022	0.044
		0.5	1	0	0.175	0.350	0.037	0.074
		0.6			0.209	0.418	0.044	0.088
		0.7		28 × 30 36 × 40	0.244	0.488	0.052	0.104
	mm	0.75	1.5	25 × 32 40 × 32	0.262	0.524	0.056	0.112
-		0.8		28 × 32 32 × 42	0.279	0.558	0.059	0.118
		1	2	32 X 30 38 X 32	0.349	0.698	0.074	0.148
		1.25	2.5	$\frac{30}{32} \times \frac{40}{38}$	0.437	0.874	0.093	0.188
A		1.5	3	$\frac{30}{36} \times \frac{42}{28}$	0.524	1.048	0.111	0.222
I IF ₿		1.75	9.5	35 X 40 30 X 32	0.611	1.222	0.129	0.258
		2	4	35 × 40 30 × 28	0.698	1.396	0.148	0.296
		18	9	32 ×35 34 ×28	0.0194	0.0388	0.0041	0.0082
l ff c		19	9 <u>1</u>	32 × 35 36 × 26	0.0183	0.0366	0.0038	0.0076
		20	10	$\frac{30}{27} \times \frac{40}{42}$	0.0174	0.0348	0.0037	0.0074
	<u>1/n"</u>	22	11	$\frac{32}{30} \times \frac{36}{40}$			0.0034	
-	╞╾╹┤║╶╍	- 23	111	27 × 40 42 × 28	NUMBER DESCRIPTION	A DESCRIPTION OF A DESC	0.0032	
		24	12	$\frac{30}{34} \times \frac{32}{32}$			0.0031	
	000000	26	13	32 X 32 36 X 38	and a second second second		0.0028	Carriero Carro Carro
	-	28	14	30 X 34 27 X 50			0.0026	
		30	15	$\frac{35}{32} \times \frac{27}{42}$			0.0025	
		32	16	35 X 27 34 X 42			0.0023	
		36	18	30 X 28 34 X 42 35 27			0.0021	
<u> </u>		40	20	30 X <sup>27</sup> 32 X <sup>43</sup>	0.0087	0.0174	0.0018	0.0086

Fig 7. Thread & Feed Chart

#### REFER TO THE DIAGRAM BELOW FOR THE BL330E operation controls.



#### Fig 8. Operation Parts Fig.

- 1. Handler of Spindle Speed Change A
- 2. Handler of Spindle Speed Change B
- 3. Change Gear Box
- 4. Power Indictor
- 5. Emergency Stop Switch
- 6. Forward-Stop-Reverse Switch
- 7. Self-centering 3 Jaw Chuck
- 8. Handler of 4-way Tool Post
- 9. Tool Post Feeding Handler
- 10. Handle Lock for tailstock center
- 11. Lever to lock Tailstock
- 12. Tailstock hand-wheel
- 13. Tailstock Offset Screw
- 14. Main Lead-screw
- 15. Longitudinal-cross feed handle
- 16. Handler of Auto-Feed (Half Nut)
- 17. Carriage Cross Feed hand wheel
- 18. Apron feed hand-wheel
- 19 Handle of forward/reverse for lead screw

#### **Operating Controls**

#### **Replacement of Chuck**

The head spindle holding fixture is cylindrical. Loose three set Screw/nut (A. Fig. 9) on the flange to remove the chuck Replace new chuck and fix it by the same set screws and nuts.

#### **Replacement of Chuck Jaw**

The jaws are in two types – the internal jaws and the external Jaws(Fig. 10). Please pay notice that the number of jaws fit with the number inside the chucks groove. Do not mix them together. When you are going to mount them, please mount them in Ascending order, and when taking them out, take them out in descending order (3-2-1) one by one. After finished this procedure, rotate the jaws to the smallest diameter and make sure there fit is right.

#### **Tool Set-up**

Set correction and clamp the cutting tool into the tool-post. The tool must be clamped firmly. When turning, the tool has a tendency to bend under the cutting force generated during the chip formation(Fig. 11). For best results, tool overhang should be kept to a minimum of 3/8" or less.

#### Manual Turning

Handwheel of Apron travel(A), cross travel(B) and top slide(C) can be operated for longitudinal or cross feeding (Fig. 12)

#### Longitudinal Turing with Auto-feeding

1. Set the selector knob (D. Fig. 12) to select the feed direction and the feed speed

2. Use the table (E. Fig. 12)on the lathe for selecting the feed speed or the thread. Adjust the change gear if the required feed or thread cannot be obtained with the installed gear set

#### Change High/low Speed

Set the belt in inside groove of pulley (Fig. 13A) is running at high speed.

Likewise, remove the belt from inside groove (Fig. 13A) to outside groove (Fig. 13B) is to be run with low speed, which should be removed by manual or tools.



Fig.9

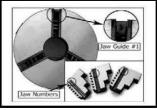


Fig. 10

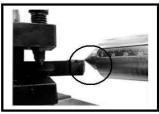


Fig. 11

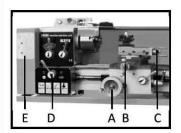


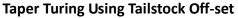
Fig. 12



Fig. 13A



Fig. 13B



Work to a side angle it can be turned by off-setting the tailstock, the angle depends on the length of the workpiece.

Loosen the nut (A. Fig. 17), handle (C) and two screws (D) then adjust the screw (A) to deflect the quill center line off-track from spindle center line, for getting the desired taper, please refer to the value in scale plate (E).

#### **Taper direction adjustment:**

To get the forward-off-track (operator side), be lose the nut (A) in front and tighten the nut (A) in back to move the body of tailstock forward to the desired value against scale plate, and then tighten the nut (A) in front. For backward-off-track, as same procedures as above mentioned. Must be clamped the screw (E) after taper turned, and the tailstock should be returned to its original position according to the zero position on scale of tailstock.

**Turning Between Centers** 

the top slide or lathe saddle. (Fig. 15)

Straight Turning

**Facing and Recesses** 

For turning between centers, it is necessary to remove the chuck from the spindle. Fit the MT 5 center into the spindle nose and the tailstock. Mount the workpiece fitted with the driver dog between the centers. The driver is driven by a catch or face plate. Note: Always use a small amount grease on the tailstock center to prevent center tip on overheating. (Fig. 16)

In the straight turning operation, the tool feeds parallel to the axis of rotation of the workpiece. The feed can be either manual by turning the handwheel on the lathe saddle or the top slide, or by activating the automatic feed. The cross feed for the depth of

In the facing operation, the tool feeds perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the workpeice. The feed is made manually with the cross slide handwheel. The cross feed for cut depth is made with

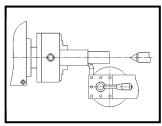
cut is achieved using the cross slide. (Fig. 14)

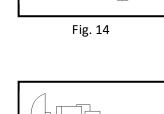
# Fig. 15

Fig. 16









#### **Taper Turning by Setting top Slide**

By angle the top slide, tapers may be turned manually with the Top slide (Fig. 18).

Rotate the top slide to the required angle. A graduated scale permits accurate adjustment of the top slide. The cross feed is performed with the cross slide. This method can only be used for short tapers.

#### **Threads Cutting**

Set the machine up to the desired thread pitch (according to the Thread chart Fig. 7). Start the machine and engage the half nut. When the tool reaches the part, it will cut the initial threading pass. When the tool reaches the end of cut, stop the machine by turning the motor off and at the same time back the tool out of the part so that it clears the thread. Do not disengage the half nut lever. Reverse the motor direction to allow the cutting tool to traverse back to the starting point. Repeat these steps until you have obtained the desired results.

#### **Change Gear Replacement**

- 1. Disconnected the machine from the power source.
- 2. Unscrew the two fastening screw and remove the protective cover.
- 3. Loosen the locking screw (C. Fig. 19) on the quadrant.
- 4. Swing the quadrant (D. Fig. 19) to the right.
- 5. Unscrew the bolt (E. Fig. 19) from the leadscrew or the square bolts (F. Fig. 19) from the quadrant bolts in order to remove the change gears from the front.
- 6. Install the gear couples according to the thread and feed table (Fig. 19) and screw the gears onto the quadrant again.
- 7. Swing the quadrant to the left until the gear has engaged again.
- 8. Readjust gear backlash by inserting a normal sheet of paper as an adjusting or distance aid between the gears.
- 9. Immobilize the quadrant with the locking screw.
- 10. Install the protective cover of the headstock and reconnected the machine to the power supply.

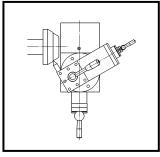
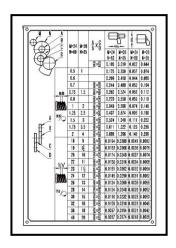
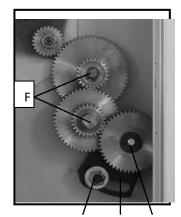


Fig. 18





C D E Fig.19

#### Adjustment

After a period time, wear in some of the moving components may need to be adjusted.

#### **Compound Rest Adjustment**

Loosen the two screws (A. Fig. 20), after you have obtained the angle you want, do not forget to tighten them again.

**Belt Adjustment** Loosen the two nuts and screws (A. Fig. 21) to remove the plate of mounting motor and position.

#### Main Spindle Bearing Adjustment

The main spindle bearings are adjusted at the factory. If end play becomes evident after considerable use, the bearings may be adjusted. Loosen two hex socket cap screws (A, Fig. 22) in the slotted nut on the back of spindle. Tighten slotted nut until all end play is taken up. The spindle should still revolve freely. Tighten two hex socket cap screws.

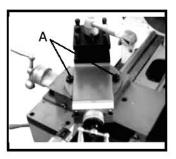
Caution: excessive tightening or preloading will damage the bearing

#### **Cross Slide Adjustment**

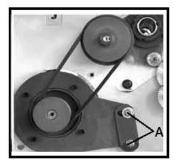
The cross slide is fitted with a gib strip (A, Fig. 23) and can be adjuste with screw (B, Fig. 23) fitted with lock nuts (C, Fig. 23). Loosen the lock nuts and tighten the set screws until slide moves freely without play. Tighten lock nuts to retain adjustment.

#### **Top Slide Adjustment**

The top slide is fitted with a gib strip (A, Fig. 24) and can be adjusted with screw (B, Fig. 24) fitted with lock nuts (C, Fig. 24). Loosen the lock nuts and tighten the set screws until slide moves freely without play. Tighten lock nuts to retain adjustment.









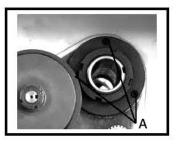
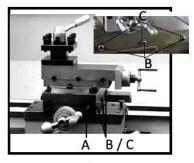


Fig. 22





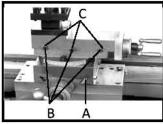
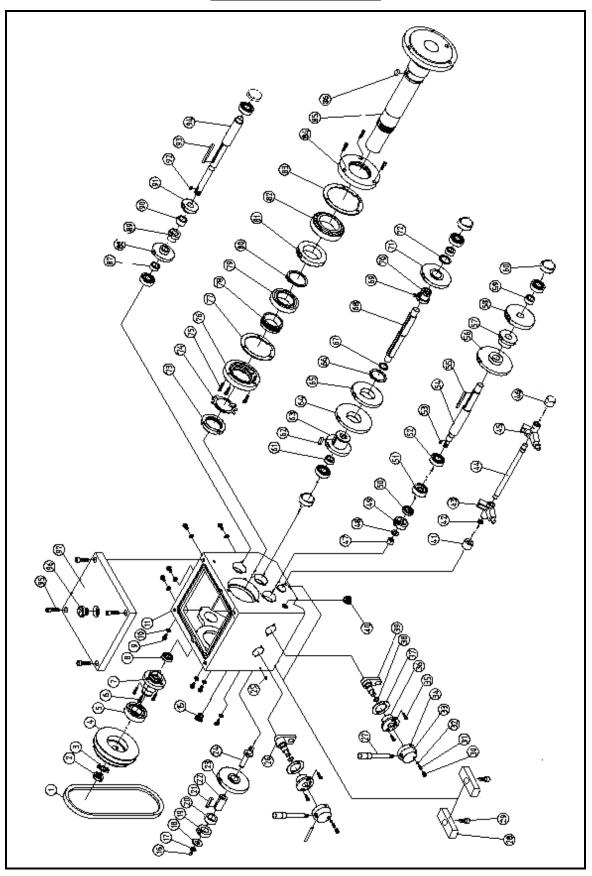


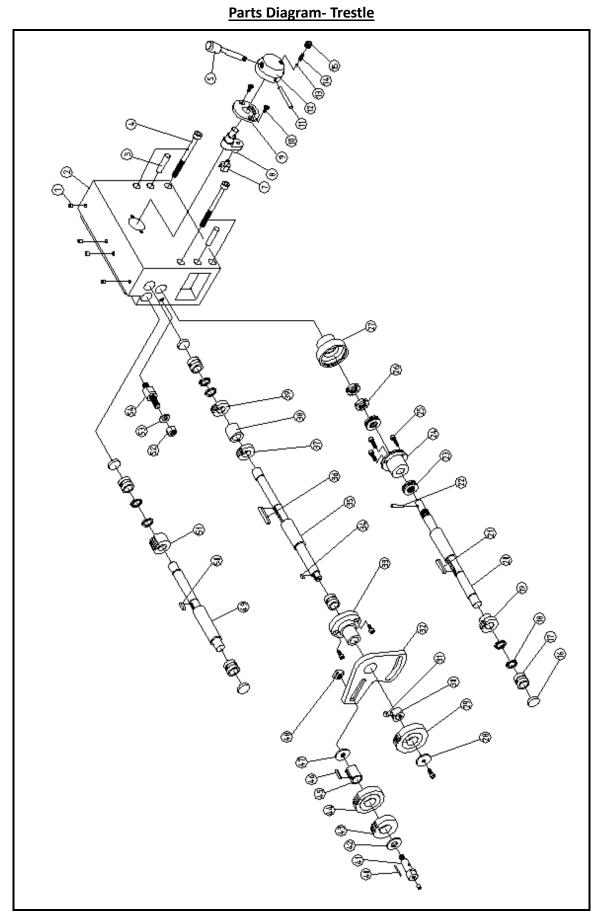
Fig. 24

Parts Diagram- Headstock



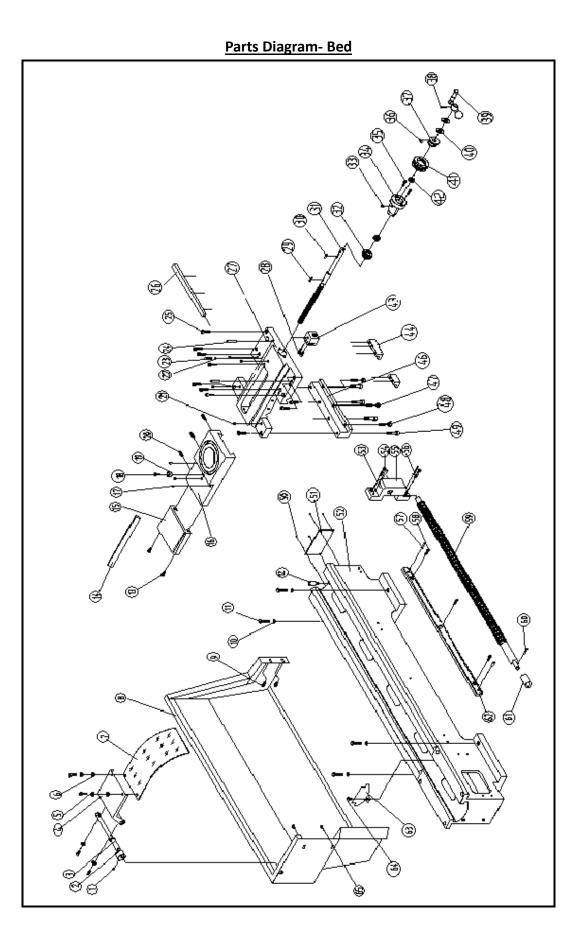
#### Parts Listing- Headstock

NO.	Description				
1	V-belt type 700	35	Screw	67	C-Clip
2	Spanner nut	36	Localing sleeve	68	Middle shaft
3	Lock washer for circular nut	37	Washer	69	Thin flat key
4	Spindle pulley	38	O-seal ring	70	Gear
5	Taper roller bearing	39	Right Block	71	Gear
6	Hexagon socket head screw	40	Oil Sight	72	C-Clip
7	Pulley seat	41	Sleeve	73	Spanner nut
8	Felt cover	42	C-Clip	74	Lock washer for circular nut
9	Crossrecessed pan head screws	43	Left shifting fork	75	Hexagon socket head screw
10	Plain washers	44	Shifting fork shaft	76	Sleeve
11	Lathe head	45	Right shifting fork	77	Pressurize washer
12-14	1	46	Sleeve	78	Sleeve spacer
15	Oil drain plug	47	Nut	79	Taper roller bearing
16	Oil cup	48	Plain washers	80	C-Clip
17	C-Clip	49	Gear	81	Gear
18	Cover	50	Felt cover	82	Taper roller bearing
19	Change Gear	51	Sleeve	83	Pressurize washer
20	Sleeve spacer	52	Taper roller bearing	84	Main shaft bearing oil seal
21	Plain parallel key	53	Plain parallel key	85	Lathe spindle
22	Sleeve	54	Output shaft	86	Plain parallel key
23	Gear	55	Plain parallel key	87	Sleeve spacer
24	Shaft	56	Gear	88	Gear
25	Screw	57	Gear	89	Gear
26	Left Block	58	Gear	90	Sleeve spacer
27	Handle lever	59	Sleeve spacer	91	Gear
28	Chock	60	Sleeve	92	Plain parallel key
29	Screw	61	Sleeve spacer	93	Plain parallel key
30	Set screws with cone point	62	Plain parallel key	94	Single shaft
31	Spring	63	Gear	95	Hexagon screw
32	Steel ball	64	Gear	96	Oil port plug
33	Handle seat	65	Gear	97	Transmission cover
34	Taper pins	66	C-Clip		



#### Parts Listing- Trestle

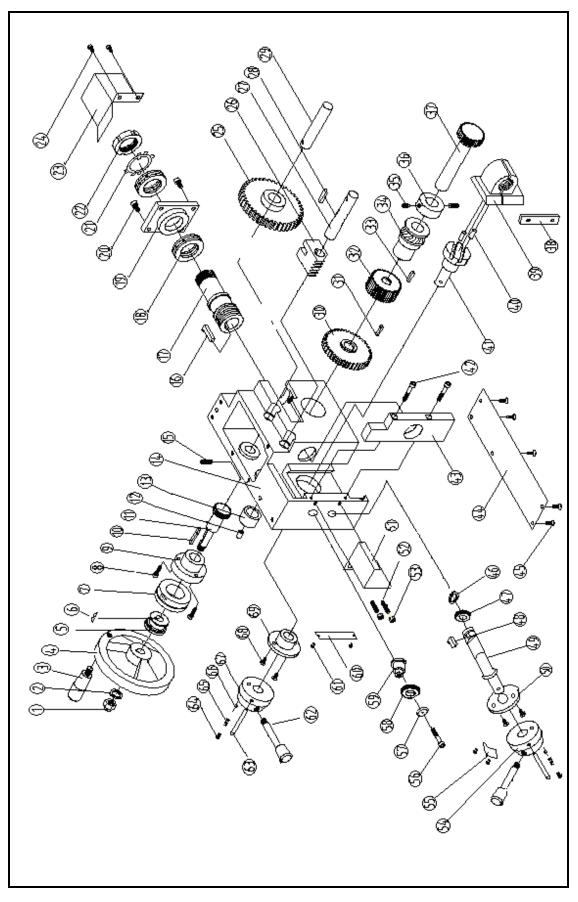
NO.	Description	NO.	Description
1	Oil cup	28	Sleeve
2	Apron body	29	Change Gear
3	Taper pins	30	Sleeve spacer
4	Hexagon socket head screw	31	Кеу
5	Handle lever	32	Change gear plate
6	/	33	Sleeve
7	Right shifting fork	34	Кеу
8	Shaft	35	Shaft
9	Base	36	Кеу
10	Screw	37	Gear
11	Taper pins	38	Sleeve spacer
12	Handle seat	39	Gear
13	Steel ball	40	Shaft
14	Spring	41	Shaft
15	Screw	42	Sleeve
16	Cover	43	Gear
17	Sleeve	44	Gear
18	C-Clip	45	Sleeve
19	Gear	46	Кеу
20	Shaft	47	Plain washers
21	Кеу	48	T Nut
22	Taper pins	49	Shaft
23	Taper roller bearing	50	Кеу
24	Base	51	Gear
25	Hexagon socket head screw	52	Nut
26	Spanner nut	53	Plain washers
27	Sleeve	54	Screw



#### Parts Listing- Bed

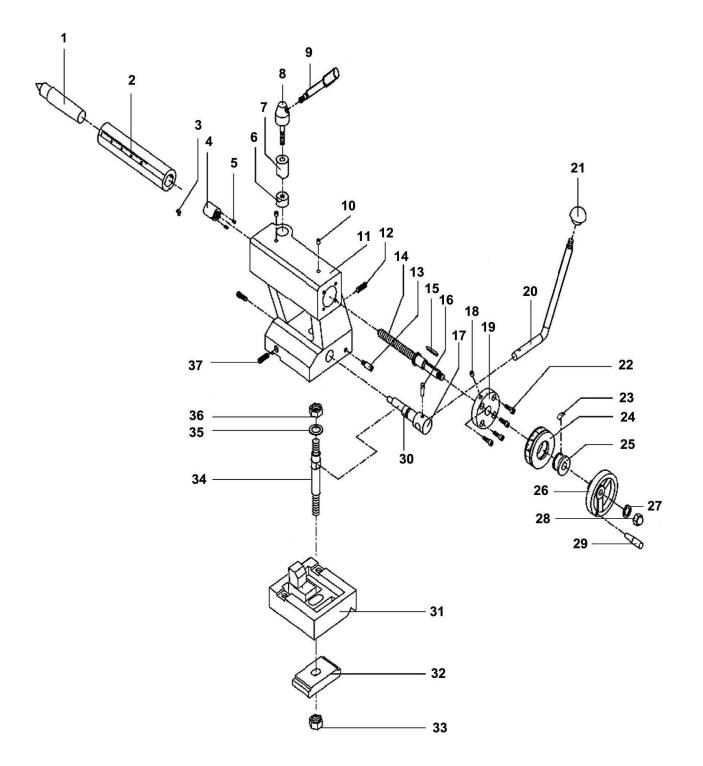
NO.	Description	NO.	Description
1	Hexagon socket head screw	34	Cross feed screw seat
	Cam sleeve	35	Hexagon socket head screw
3	Switch bar	36	Spring lamination
4	Connecting plate	37	Dial sleeve
5	Plain washers	38	Taper pins
6	Nut	39	Handles with sleeve
7	Shield	40	Spanner nut
8	Shield	41	Dial
9	Hexagon socket head screw	42	Rolling bearing
10	Plain washers	43	Cross nut
11	Hexagon head screw	44	Chain up block
12	Hexagon socket head screw	45	/
13	Hexagon socket head screw	46	Behind board
14	Chock	47	Hexagon nuts
15	Shield	48	Set screws with cone point
16	Middle carriage	49	Hexagon socket head screw
17	Oil cup	50	Rivet
18	Hexagon socket head screw	51	Table
19	Washer	52	Bed
20	Set screws with cone point	53	Oil cup
21	Oil cup	54	Hexagon socket head screw
22	Plain washers	55	Right pedestal
23	Hexagon head bolts	56	Taper pins
24	Taper pins	57	Taper pins
25	Hexagon socket head screw	58	Hexagon socket head screw
26	Chock	59	Longitudinal feed screw
27	Carriage	60	Taper pins
28	Hexagon socket head screw	61	Washer
29	Plain parallel key	62	Racks
30	Plain parallel key	63	Shield
31	Cross feed screw rod	64	Screw
32	Gear	65	Hexagon socket head screw
33	Oil cup		

Parts Diagram- Apron



#### Parts Listing- Apron

NO.	Description	NO.	Description
1	Domed cap nuts	36	Sleeve
2	Spring washer	37	Gear shaft
3	Sleeve	38	Chock
4	Hand wheel	39	Screw nut
5	Sleeve	40	Column pins
6	Spring lamination	41	Shaft
7	Dial	42	Hexagon socket head screw
8	Hexagon socket head screw	43	Apron body right cover
9	Flange sleeve	44	Cover
10	Pin	45	Screw
11	Gear shaft	46	C-Clip
12	Oil cup	47	Gear
13	Sleeve	48	Pin
14	Apron body	49	Axis
15	Screws	50	Sleeve
16	Кеу	51	Safe shield
17	Worm shaft	52	Screw
18	Thrust ball bearing	53	Hexagon nuts
19	Worm shaft	54	Handle seat
20	Hexagon socket head screw	55	Table
21	Lock washer	56	Hexagon socket head screw
22	Round nut	57	Spring washer
23	Safe shield	58	Middle gear
24	Hexagon socket head screw	59	Shaft
25	Gear	60	Table
26	Shifting fork	61	Rivet
27	Shifting fork shaft	62	Handle lever
28	Pin	63	Taper pins
29	Slippage shaft	64	Screw
30	Gear	65	Spring
31	Pin	66	Steel ball
32	Gear	67	Handle seat
33	Pin	68	Screw
34	Worm gear	69	Sleeve
35	Screws		

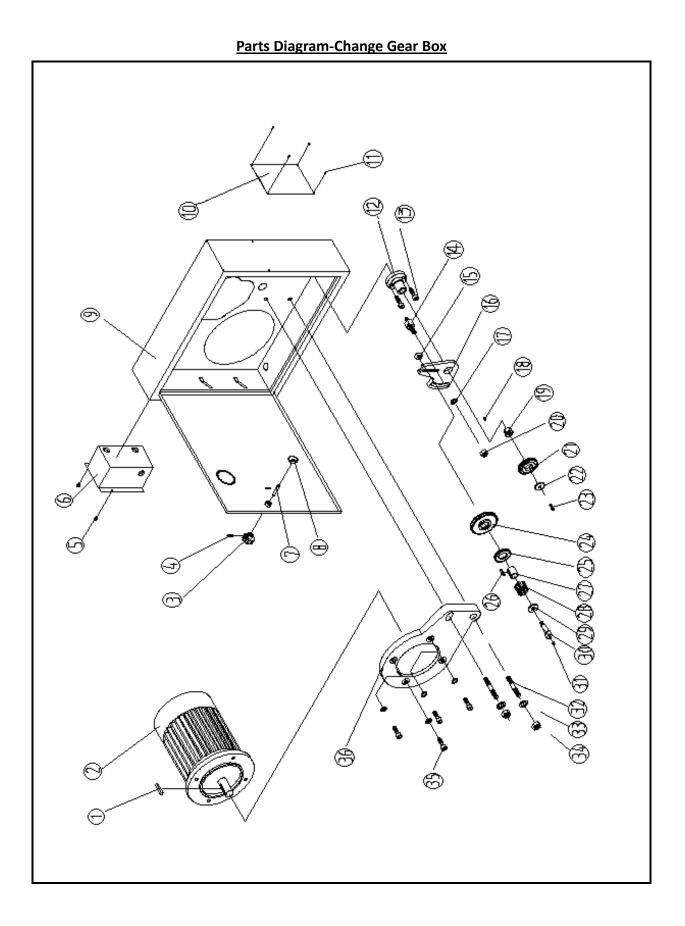


#### Parts Listing- Tailstock

NO.	Description
1	Rolling center
2	Tailstock center sleeve
3	Т-Кеу
4	Tailstock Nuts
5	Set screws with cone point
6	Locking nuts
7	Locking Sleeve
8	Handle seat
9	Handle lever
10	Oil cup
11	Tailstock
12	Set screws with cone point
13	Pin
14	Tailstock screw stem
15	Plain parallel key
16	Taper pins
17	Shaft
18	Oil cup
19	Sleeve
20	Handle lever
21	Handle ball
22	Hexagon socket head screw
23	Spring lamination
24	Dial
25	Sleeve
26	Hand wheel
27	Plain washers
28	Domed cap nuts
29	Handles with sleeve
30	Set screws with cone point
31	Tailstock carriage
32	Chock
33	Hexagon thin nuts
34	Pull pole set
35	Plain washers
36	Hexagon nuts
37	Set screws with cone point

#### Parts Listing- Change Gear Box

NO.	Description
1	Plain parallel key
2	Motor 1.1kw
3	Start-grip knob
4	Taper pins
5	Screw
6	Safe box
7	Shaft
8	Door-knob
9	Compound box
10	Thread table
11	Rivet
12	Sleeve
13	Hexagon socket head screw
14	Screw
15	T-nut
16	Change gear plate
17	Plain washers
18	Plain parallel key
19	Sleeve
20	Hexagon thin nuts
21	Gear
22	Sleeve
23	Hexagon socket head screw
24	Change Gear
25	Change Gear
26	Plain parallel key
27	Sleeve
28	Roller
29	Sleeve
30	Shaft
31	Oil cup
32	Screw
33	Plain washers
34	Hexagon nuts
35	Hexagon socket head screw
36	Motor mount plate



#### **PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE**

#### 1. DYILY INSPECTION

In principle the daily. Inspection lathe is carried out on basis of each shift. The inspection work according to the following item 1-1.

#### 1-1 Check before starting the motor.

- Clean-up of machine: Dust, chips and other articles should be removed from sliding surface of machine to make the rotating or sliding parts performing easy and smoothly. All other static parts be often also cleaned to avoid the corrosion.
- 2) Greasing and oiling: Regular oiling should be done every day (see lubrication plan sheet) to keep the machine properly lubricated.
- 3) Check the sensitivity & reliability of all manual control levers: To try the speed change rate function of headstock feeds and apron in gear box and inspect their starting, stopping and forward & reverse action whether they are sensitive and reliable or not.

#### 1-2 Check after staring the motor.

1) To check electrical control system:

To put button and examine the sensitiveness of starting, stopping and pilot lamp strictly.

2) The sensitivity and reliability of mechanical control device:

Control levers for forward and reverse main spindle, automatic feeds and threads change should be sensitive and reliable. Automatic control devices for longitudinal and cross feed, gear change threads change, carriage, and spindle direction change should be accurate also.

#### 3) Coolant system:

Check the quantity of coolant oil and start the oil pump for inspecting its function and leakage.

4) Lubricating system:

Examine all lubricating system carefully and ensure all flowing line without obstacles.

#### **1-3** Caution during operation:

1) Temperature of bearings:

Touch the main bearing by hand and feel the temperature is normally or not.

2) Temperature of motor:

To feel the temperature of motor bearing at the case of full load.

3) Noise and vibration:

If you find the noise and vibration of the machine are abnormal or irregular. Stop the machine immediately for inspection and adjustment.

- 4) Safety affairs:
  - a. Must stop operation when you leave the machine.
  - b. When changing main spindle speed or feeding speed stop running first.
  - c. All tools and products are strictly not allowed to be left on sliding surface of bed.

#### 1-4 Check after operation:

1) Cleaning and collection of all tools:

All tools should be kept clean first then put back to original position (tool cabinet)

2) Proper position of tailstock, carriage, & tool holder:

Tailstock, carriage, & tool holder should be placed to proper position.

#### 3) Clean-up of machine:

All of the oily matters, chips etc, on the machine should be removed completely and put a thin lubricating oil on the sliding surface of machine to prevent the corrosion.

#### 2. WEEKLY INSPECTION:

1) Lubricating system:

Clean-up the whole lubricating system and replenish with fresh lubricating oil.

2) Cooling system:

Clean-up the whole cooling system and replenish with new cooling oil.

3) Transmission system:

Check the damage of rubber V-belt and readjust the tensile strength of V-belt.

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy
Too chatters	Gibs too loose on table.	Readjust gibs.
	Unused feeds not locked	Lock all axes but one moving
	Tool not on center.	Center tool
	Improper tool shape. Tool	Reshape, sharpen, replace tool
	dull	
Depth of cut is not	Quill moving	Lock quill
consistent	Setup wrong	Make sure setup is parallel to table
Hole is off center or bit	Bit dull.	Use sharp bits
wanders	Bit not mounted correctly	Remount tool
	Chuck loose in spindle.	Remount chuck on spindle
	Bearing loosen or worm.	Tighten or replace bearings
	Cutting too fast.	Reduce down speed
Bit turns erratically or stops	Bit fed into work too fast	Reduce down feed rate
Chuck is difficult to tighten	Chuck sticking.	Apply lubricant
or loosen	Debris in chuck	Clean chuck inside
Turn on machine and	Machine unplugged.	Plug in machine
nothing happen	Loose electrical connections	Tighten wiring connections

#### **Trouble Shooting**